



MUMUKA
Photographers
All kinds of Photographic
Work done in latest styles
also Passport Photos.
Developing and Printing for
Amateurs a Specialty.
No. 24, Queen's Road Central
Tel. 254.

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

OVERLAND CHINA MAIL
PUBLISHED WEEKLY
MAIL DAILY
Contains the Weekly News
of Hongkong and the
Far East.
Price (including Postage) to any
part of the world \$15.
per annum.

No. 17,144.

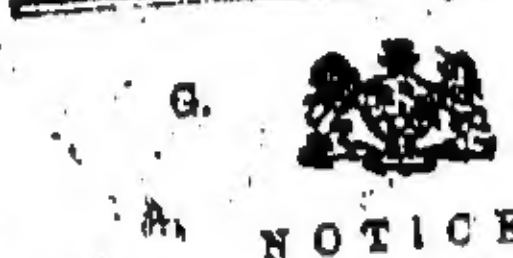
號三十四年八十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1918.

年戌次歲年七國民華中

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

THORNE'S
OLD VAT
No. 4.
SCOTCH WHISKY.
SOLE AGENTS
A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG.
Tel. 616.



NOTICE.
ANY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person at the
Central Police Station between the hours
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1918. Forms
of Registration may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.
WHICH ARE THE SHARERS OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1914.
\$28,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital \$5,000,000
Subscribed Capital \$4,500,000
Paid-up Capital \$2,437,500
II—Profit Funds \$3,524,047
III—Loss & Amalgamated Funds \$1,567,590
Sinking Fund Account \$28,130
\$28,970,367
Reversionary Profit \$2,331,456
Life and Annuity 2,141,593
Branches 837,258
Reversionary Profit Department 478,946
Other Reserves \$5,530,228
The Accumulated Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims and the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
Agents.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.
WEEK DAYS.
7.30 a.m. to 8.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
12.30 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.30 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
4.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS on Week Days.
8.30 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. to 11.0 p.m. every half hour.
11.0 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. every quarter of hour.

7.30 a.m. SUNDAY.
8.00 a.m. to 10.0 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.0 a.m. to 11.0 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.0 a.m. to 12.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
12.0 p.m. to 1.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.0 p.m. to 2.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.0 p.m. to 3.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.0 p.m. to 4.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
4.0 p.m. to 5.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.0 p.m. to 6.0 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS on Week Days.
8.30 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. to 11.0 p.m. every half hour.
11.0 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. every quarter of hour.

JOHN D. McPHERSON & SON,
General Managers.
TANG YUK TING, Supervisor of
the Tramway.
14, D'ARCY STREET.
TERMS MODERATE.
Cash on Delivery.

BUSINESS NOTICES.
W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
KOWLOON BAY.
Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Casting, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

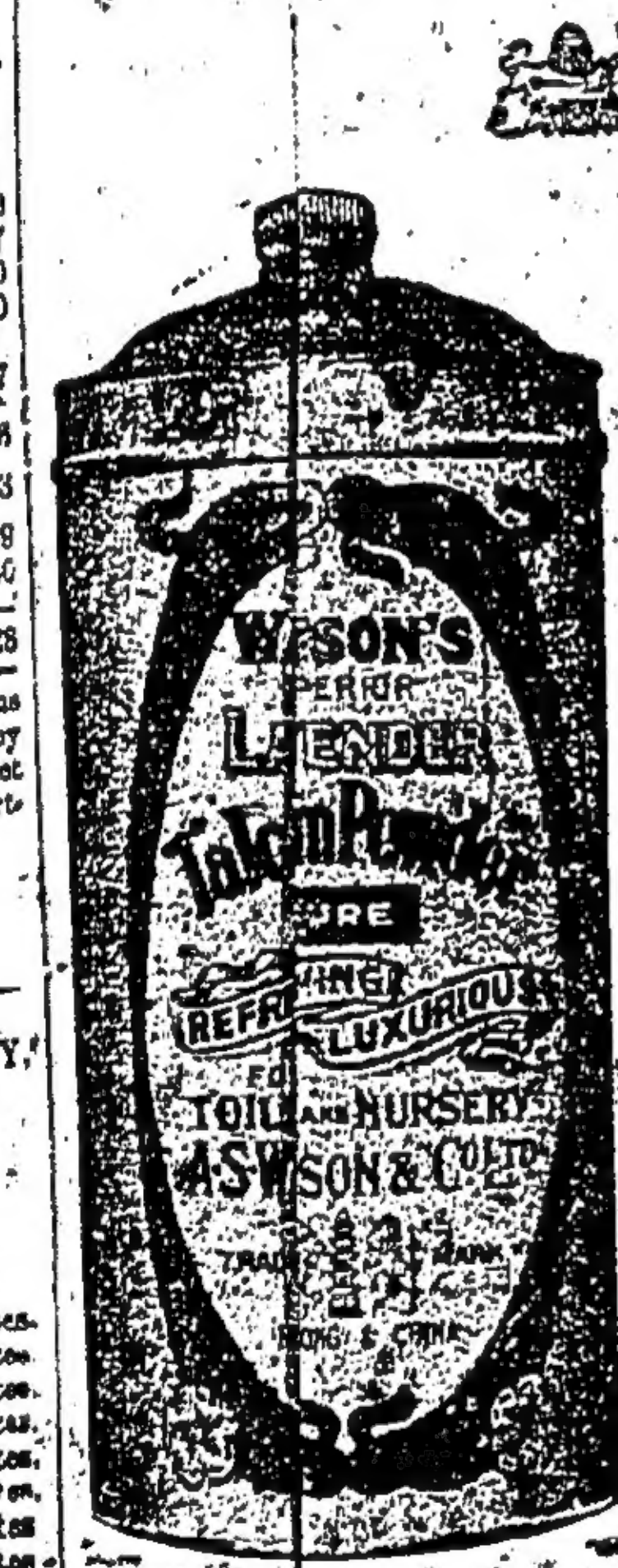
JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE FURLOIN HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following revised Passage
Fares between Hongkong & Canton will come into force on 25th March, 1918.
Dayboats. Nightboats.
Saloon Single \$5.00 \$7.00
Return 8.00 12.00
2nd Class Single 2.00 1.50
Return 1.00 .90
Deck
In addition to the above for the convenience of the travelling public a special
1st Class Return ticket at Hongkong Currency \$11. and Chinese Currency \$11.80
available one by railway and the other by the Company's vessels will also
be issued.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.
Sailings:—Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
Sailings:—Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.) and
2 p.m. (Sundays 1 p.m.).
From Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Manawan,
or from Messrs. T. W. COOK & SON, Booking Agents, Hongkong.



OUR GIANT
LAVENDER
TALCUM

Is rapidly becoming as popu-
lar as our well-known Laven-
der Water. Blended with the
Purest and Softest Powder, is
the Sweet Fragrance of Laven-
der, and the Effect on the Skin
is Delightfully Cooling and
Soothing.

1-lb. Size Price \$1.00.

**A. S. WATSON &
CO., LTD.**

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Tel. 16.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.
Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 15' to 18' CIRCUMFERENCE
CABLE LAY 8' to 15' CIRCUMFERENCE
4 STRAND 8' to 10' CIRCUMFERENCE

Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan, Tomes & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong April 11, 1918.

THE WONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS. BOILERMAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDRIES. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We are the only Silkworms and can accommodate any work
of 200 feet.

20, Canton Road Central, Hongkong. Telephone No. 48.

Telephone No. 9.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

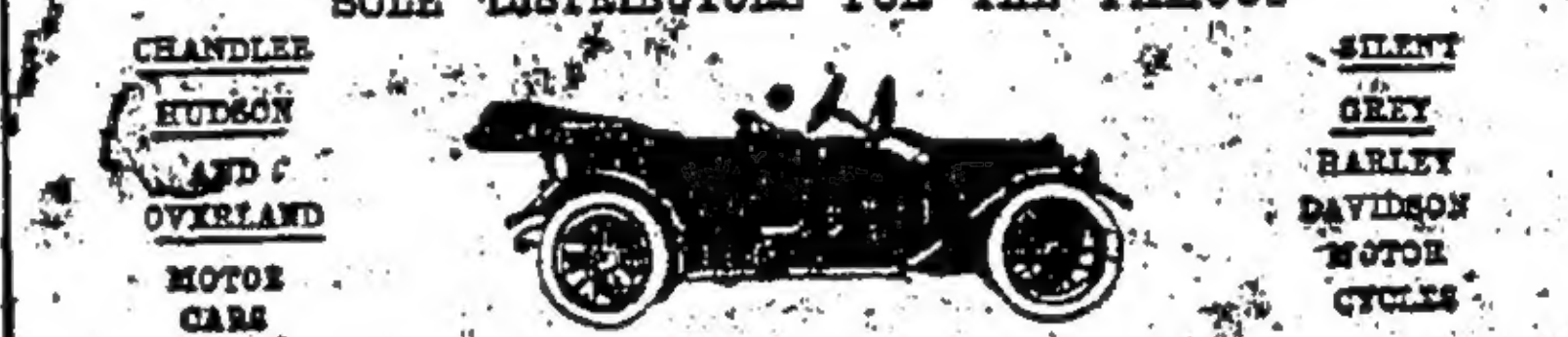
Hongkong April 1, 1918.

BUSINESS NOTICES

TAIKOO DOCKYARD.
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—
AGENTS:
—TELEPHONE 482—
—TAIKOO DOCKYARD—
—HONGKONG—
—TELEPHONE 212—

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS



TELEPHONE 482.

COME AND INSPECT

BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 37½ lbs. net.

In Bags of 25½ lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART, MANAGER.

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.

15 Minutes from Landing Stage.

Under the Management of

Mrs. BLAIR.

TO THOSE GOING AWAY

Keep in touch with local happenings

by subscribing to

"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"

All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.

ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE

IT WHILE AWAY.

PER \$15 PER ANNUM, INCLUDING POSTAGE.

CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE

CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

THE W.A.R.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

**BRITISH OFFICIAL
REPORTS.**

MINOR ATTACKS.

LONDON, April 28.

10.45 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig

reports:—

A hostile attack is developing in the

neighbourhood of L'Ocre. Otherwise there are only

local engagements.

Our patrols captured prisoners in the

neighbourhood of Villers Bretonneux.

The enemy heavily bombarded our

positions in the Ypres sector.

We made only two flights yesterday

owing to the fog. We brought

down one machine.

NEW ENEMY INFANTRY ATTACKS.

PRISONERS AND MACHINE-GUNS CAPTURED.

LONDON, April 29.

1.20 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig

reports:—

The hostile attack reported in the

neighbourhood of L'Ocre yesterday

was repulsed by our rifle and

machine-gun fire.

The enemy opened a heavy bom-

bardment with high explosives and

gas-shells this morning on the whole

front from Metzere to Vobizele, and

infantry attacks are now develop-

ing.

Hostile artillery was very active at

night-time on the Scarpe, to Lens, and

between Givenchy and Nieppe.

French were captured last night

the post taken by the enemy on the

night of the 28th-29th.

We took prisoners and 53 machine-

guns.

We also captured a number of

prisoners and four machine-guns in

the mud southward of Albert and

in the neighbourhood of Neuville-
Vitasse.

FRENCH OFFICIAL REPORT.

VILLERS FURIOUSLY BOMBARDED.

LONDON, April 29.

1.30 a.m.

A French communiqué states:—

There were furious bombardments

at Villers Bretonneux, on the Luce

and west of Noyon.

SITUATION REVIEWED.

NEWS DISTINCTLY HEARTENING.

HEAVY AND CONTINUOUS FIGHTING ALL SUMMER AND AUTUMN.

LONDON, April 29.

The week-end reports from the

front are distinctly heartening,

showing that the Germans were

prevented from exploiting the Kem-

mel success thanks to the stout

resistance of the British and French.

On the whole, indeed, the enemy

has been somewhat pushed back,

losing more heavily even than he did

when storming Mount Kemmel. The

French at L'Ocre and the British at

Vornetz—two local points of

fighting—fought with very furious

tenacity. Though neither place can

be called vital to any line of defence,

yet the resistance hampered the pro-

gress of the enveloping movement

which the enemy now seems to be

directing against the next chain of

heights. Little doubt is entertained

that the enemy, having failed to roll

up the British Army from Givenchy

to Arras, has decided to strike north-

wards for the Coast with his whole

weight.

Reuter's Correspondent says:—

Whether the enemy attempts to

carry the strongly defended hills by

a frontal attack or reduce them by

a converging movement, he will find

the operation very costly. There is

abundance of evidence that a very

hard struggle is in prospect in this

area. The Germans are bringing up

new Divisions, while enormous gun-

power has been accumulated on both

sides. The shelling of roads, towns

and hills in the rear is continuous

and Ypres is drenched with gas-

shells.

Writers in the London papers dis-

cuss regretfully the possibility of the

abandonment of Ypres which was for

so long the northern buttress of the

Allied line and has been drenched

with British blood as no other battle-

field has been, but they emphasize

that it is for Generalissimo Foch to

decide whether it is too costly to

hold or so vital that every effort must

be made to recover the positions from

where the Germans are now threaten-

ing it. The conclusion drawn from

the course of events is that Germany

is far from achieving a quick deci-

sion, and we must expect heavy and

continuous fighting all summer and

autumn.

The Times, which has not been

unduly optimistic, says: There is a

growing conviction that the first

swift German advances will not re-

cur. "This will be a very long

battle and it is not going quite as

Field-Marshal von Hindenburg or

General Ludendorff had planned and

expected."

THE AMERICAN REVIEW.

U.S.A.'S IMPERATIVE DUTY.

WASHINGTON, April 29.

The War Department's "Weekly

Review" says:—

While admitting that the situation

is less satisfactory owing to the loss

of Kemmel, the outcome of the pre-

sent operations in the West depends

on man-power. The enemy's at-

tempt to paralyze the independent

will-power of the British Command

has failed owing to the unity of

command of the Allies having ex-

tended the operations to a broader

field, presenting their full and united

strength to a hostile attack, to defeat

the enemy's intention to achieve a

decision and ending the war by the

destruction of the Allied forces in the

field, before additional British and

French levies and American rein-

forcements can take up their pos-

sitions.

It is the imperative duty of the

United States to put fresh trained

men in the field immediately, besides

calling up a very large quota to fill

the gaps.

The conception of the Enemy

Command is by an enveloping move-

ment to force the retirement of the

British from Arras and after this to

capture Arras and Amiens so as to

wipe out the Ypres salient.

The American units have been in

action in various engagements and

acquired themselves well in Flan-

ders.

THE KAISER AT THE FRONT.

WATCHES THE SLAUGHTER AT KEMMEL.

The Kaiser watched the battle at

Kemmel Hill on the 23rd.

(Continued on Page 5.)

INTIMATIONS

A. S. WATSON & CO. LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-THIRD ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 4th May, 1918, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1917.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 29th day of April, to MONDAY, the 6th day of May, 1918. Both days being public holidays, and no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, April 24, 1918.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Hongkong Ice Company, Limited, will be held at the registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street, Victoria, Hongkong, MONDAY, the 6th day of May, 1918, at 12 o'clock Noon, when the subjoined resolutions which were passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 18th day of April, 1918, will be submitted for Confirmation as special resolutions—

- (1) That it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, and that with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily and that Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Limited, be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up.
- (2) That the conditional Agreement submitted to the meeting for the amalgamation of this Company with the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, upon the terms (inter alia) of the acquisition by that Company of the complete undertaking, business, goodwill, and property of this Company in return for the issue to this Company of 50,000 Shares of the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, of the nominal value of \$7.50 each, credited as fully paid up (being eight shares of \$7.50 each each of that Company for each share of \$25 each of this Company) and of the issue by the Dairy Farm Company Limited to Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Limited, the General Managers of this Company (upon their entering into restrictive covenants which have been agreed upon and by way of bonus as compensation for their loss of office as General Managers of this Company) of 2,000 shares of the Dairy Farm Company Limited of the nominal value of \$7.50 each credited as fully paid up and the same is hereby approved and that the Liquidators be and they are hereby authorised pursuant to Section 155 of the Companies Ordinance 1911 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification either before or after the execution thereof as the said Liquidators may think expedient.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to 10th May, 1918, both days inclusive.

Dated the 18th day of April, 1918.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Buildings on SATURDAY, the 11th May, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 28th February, 1918, and electing Directors and Auditors. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 12 o'clock noon April 27th to 12 o'clock noon May 11th.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.

Hongkong, April 24, 1918.

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

APPLICATION has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to WALTER DOUGLAS GRAHAM of Hongkong (deceased) a Certificate of Sixty Shares in the Company or other Certificate or Certificates in lieu thereof upon the statement that the Original Certificate No. 1909 for shares numbered 2874/2883 and dated 11th January, 1909, has been LOST or DESTROYED. AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claims or representation in respect of such Original Certificate is made to the Directors they will proceed to deal with such application for a Certificate.

M. MANUK.

Dated 4th day of April, 1918.

DRY-CLEANING.

BEFORE putting away your winter clothing have it DRY-CLEANED to prevent damage from moths, silver, fish, grease spotting, etc. The trifling cost repays itself in the economy effected.

All work done under special process by an expert. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE EASTERN DYEING

DRY-CLEANING CO.

J. N. MEHTA,

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

INTIMATIONS

WANTED.

TWO MARINE ENGINEERS with Shop experience to act as Workshop Foreman, also a Foreman, Marine Boiler-Maker and a Foreman, Ship Carpenter to take up duties in Shanghai. Address all communications to: X.Y.Z. C/o 'CHINA MAIL' Office, Hongkong, April 10, 1918.

WANTED.

EUROPEAN LADY, resident or daily, to look after 2 children of 7 and 8 years. Apply— Mrs. GALE, 109 The Peak, Hongkong Mar. 28, 1918.

HONGKONG GOVERNMENT 6% WAR LOAN OF 1916.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that COUPON No. 3 is payable at the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Hongkong, on 1st May, 1918.

A. M. THOMSON,
Colonial Treasurer.
Hongkong, April 24, 1918.

ASAHI BEER



SOLE AGENTS:
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA.
Telephone 230 & 155.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUNKET.

A most delicious wholesome Food easily prepared.

We supply Rannet Tablets.

DEVONSHIRE CREAM.

Can now be had at our Depot.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Central Location
All Electric Trams Pass Entrance.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

J. WITCHELL, Manager.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

THERAPION No. 4

THERAPION No. 5

THERAPION No. 6

THERAPION No. 7

THERAPION No. 8

THERAPION No. 9

THERAPION No. 10

THERAPION No. 11

THERAPION No. 12

THERAPION No. 13

THERAPION No. 14

THERAPION No. 15

THERAPION No. 16

THERAPION No. 17

THERAPION No. 18

THERAPION No. 19

THERAPION No. 20

THERAPION No. 21

THERAPION No. 22

THERAPION No. 23

THERAPION No. 24

THERAPION No. 25

THERAPION No. 26

THERAPION No. 27

THERAPION No. 28

THERAPION No. 29

THERAPION No. 30

THERAPION No. 31

THERAPION No. 32

THERAPION No. 33

THERAPION No. 34

THERAPION No. 35

THERAPION No. 36

THERAPION No. 37

THERAPION No. 38

THERAPION No. 39

THERAPION No. 40

THERAPION No. 41

THERAPION No. 42

THERAPION No. 43

THERAPION No. 44

THERAPION No. 45

THERAPION No. 46

THERAPION No. 47

THERAPION No. 48

THERAPION No. 49

THERAPION No. 50

THERAPION No. 51

THERAPION No. 52

THERAPION No. 53

THERAPION No. 54

THERAPION No. 55

THERAPION No. 56

THERAPION No. 57

THERAPION No. 58

THERAPION No. 59

THERAPION No. 60

THERAPION No. 61

THERAPION No. 62

THERAPION No. 63

THERAPION No. 64

THERAPION No. 65

THERAPION No. 66

THERAPION No. 67

THERAPION No. 68

THERAPION No. 69

THERAPION No. 70

THERAPION No. 71

THERAPION No. 72

THERAPION No. 73

THERAPION No. 74

THERAPION No. 75

THERAPION No. 76

THERAPION No. 77

THERAPION No. 78

THERAPION No. 79

THERAPION No. 80

THERAPION No. 81

THERAPION No. 82

THERAPION No. 83

THERAPION No. 84

THERAPION No. 85

THERAPION No. 86

THERAPION No. 87

THERAPION No. 88

THERAPION No. 89

THERAPION No. 90

THERAPION No. 91

THERAPION No. 92

THERAPION No. 93

THERAPION No. 94

THERAPION No. 95

THERAPION No. 96

THERAPION No. 97

THERAPION No. 98

THERAPION No. 99

THERAPION No. 100

THERAPION No. 101

THERAPION No. 102

THERAPION No. 103

THERAPION No. 104

THERAPION No. 105

THERAPION No. 106

THERAPION No. 107

THERAPION No. 108

THERAPION No. 109

THERAPION No. 110

THERAPION No. 111

THERAPION No. 112

THERAPION No. 113

THERAPION No. 114

THERAPION No. 115

THERAPION No. 116

THERAPION No. 117

THERAPION No. 118

THERAPION No. 119

THERAPION No. 120

THERAPION No. 121

THERAPION No. 122

THERAPION No. 123

THERAPION No. 124

THERAPION No. 125

THERAPION No. 126

THERAPION No. 127

THERAPION No. 128

THERAPION No. 129

THERAPION No. 130

THERAPION No. 131

THERAPION No. 132

THERAPION No. 133

THERAPION No. 134

THERAPION No. 135

THERAPION No. 136

THERAPION No. 137

THERAPION No. 138

THERAPION No. 139

THERAPION No. 140

THERAPION No. 141

THERAPION No. 142

THERAPION No. 143

THERAPION No. 144

THERAPION No. 145

THERAPION No. 146

THERAPION No. 147

THERAPION No. 148

THERAPION No. 149

THERAPION No. 150

THERAPION No. 151

THERAPION No. 152

THERAPION No. 153

THERAPION No. 154

THERAPION No. 155

THERAPION No. 156

THERAPION No. 157

THERAPION No. 158

THERAPION No. 159

THERAPION No. 160

THERAPION No. 161

THERAPION No. 162

THERAPION No. 163

THERAPION No. 164

THERAPION No. 165

THERAPION No. 166

THERAPION No. 167

THERAPION No. 168

THERAPION No. 169

THERAPION No. 170

THERAPION No. 171

THERAPION No. 172

THERAPION No. 173

THERAPION No. 174

THERAPION No. 175

THERAPION No. 176

THERAPION No. 177

THERAPION No. 178

THERAPION No. 179

THERAPION No. 180

THERAPION No. 181

THERAPION No. 182

THERAPION No. 183

THERAPION No. 184

THERAPION No. 185

THERAPION No. 186

THERAPION No. 187

THERAPION No. 188

THERAPION No. 189

THERAPION No. 190

THERAPION No. 191

THERAPION No. 192

THERAPION No. 193

THERAPION No. 194

THERAPION No. 195

THERAPION No. 196

THERAPION No. 197

THERAPION No. 198

THERAPION No. 199

THERAPION No. 200

THERAPION No. 201

THERAPION No. 202

THERAPION No. 203

THERAPION No. 204

THERAPION No. 205

THERAPION No. 206

THERAPION No. 207

THERAPION No. 208

THERAPION No. 209

THERAPION No. 210

THERAPION No. 211

THERAPION No. 212

THERAPION No. 213

THERAPION No. 214

THERAPION No. 215

THERAPION No. 216

THERAPION No. 217

THERAPION No. 218

THERAPION No. 219

THERAPION No. 220

THERAPION No. 221

THERAPION No. 222

THERAPION No. 223

THERAPION No. 224

THERAPION No. 225

WATSON'S PYERIS.

An exact reproduction of a well-known Spa at half the price.
It lends perfectly with Spirits, especially Whisky.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing.
Drink deep or touch not the Fiesian Spring.
There shallow draughts intoxicate the Brain
And drinking deeply sobers us again."—Pope.

Pints 90 Cts. Per Doz.
Splits 60 " " "

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.
TEL. 436.

To-day's Advertisements

UNIVERSITY OF HONGKONG.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of ACTING LECTURER on PHARMACOLOGY AND THERAPEUTICS. A course of 100 lectures is required to be delivered during the academic year 1918-1919 between the hours of 4-5 P.M. on any day except Saturday. Applications should reach the Registrar not later than May 6th. Hongkong, April 30, 1918. 370

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Undersecretary on FRIDAY, the 17th May, 1918, at Noon.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd May to the 17th May, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
General Agents.
Hongkong, April 28, 1918. 367

TO LET.

NO. 10 MIDDLE ROAD, Kowloon, up-to-date European Two-Story House overlooking Harbour, 6 Large and Airy Rooms.
No. 1 CARNARVON ROAD, Kowloon, well-built European bungalow good locality.

Apply to:
YU KAM HING,
C/o Messrs. JOHNSON, STOKES & ALLEN.
Hongkong, April 30, 1918. 368

A. TACK & CO.

KODAKS and FILMS,
PLATES and PAPER,
DEVELOPING,
PRINTING,
ENLARGING,
UNDERTAKEN.

26, Des Voeux Road Central.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer "CYCLOPS" are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 30th April.
Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.
All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.
No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 6th May, will be subject to rent.
All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersecretary on or before the 20th May or they will not be recognised.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hongkong, April 30, 1918. 369

MOTOR-BOAT RACE.

PROMOTED BY CORINTHIAN CLUB.

The Hongkong Corinthian Yacht Club is promoting a Motorboat Race, open to all motorboats in the Colony, to be held on May 5th. The proceeds will be devoted to a War Charity. Three prizes are offered, the first being a cup presented by Mr. J. Simpson. The race will commence at 10.30 a.m., the starting and finishing line being at the Corinthian Yacht Club anchorage, which is described as "the short passage on the N.W. corner of the Club House and the white vertical line on the front of the building." The course will be notified at the start. Entries which should be sent to Mr. G. G. Wood, close on Saturday next.

them at 2,500,000 including 500,000 deaths from sickness. These estimates refer to the period of the war prior to the commencement of the great offensive launched by the Germans on March 21st and which has been continuing daily ever since at a perfectly appalling cost of life. We no longer hear from Germany, the hypocritical cry that this is a war of defence. It is too plainly shown to be a war of aggression, and though a large section of the German people are doubtless convinced by this time of the unwisdom of the policy, their convictions are stifled by the plea that Germany could only yield at the cost of national bankruptcy, even though she has the assurance that indemnities form no part of the Allied demands. What Germany is fighting for now is plunder—with the further prospect of heavy indemnities. Count Rathsing in the course of a debate in the Bavarian Chamber recently on the financial situation observed that the Empire States and municipalities would have to pay on debt a yearly interest amounting to 2973,000,000, which was equal to 60 per cent. of their income. In peace times the percentage was 73.3. It was, he went on, impossible to cover that tremendous amount without war indemnities. Without indemnities the collapse of the Federal States and the dangerous disturbance of the Empire's economic position were seriously threatened. Without indemnities only one thing remained, and that was a stupendous confiscation of private fortunes. Herr von Bauxing, Finance Minister, in reply, admitted the highly serious state of the financial situation. He foretold increased taxes, and concluded by saying that responsible statesmen must strive to obtain war indemnities. And this is now the theme of new paper articles throughout Germany. Admiral von Tirpitz and other Pan-Germans are demanding that Great Britain and France shall be required to pay indemnities amounting to 25,000,000,000. But the hope has to be caught before he is cooked. Germany is piling up debt and the Government either cannot or dare not impose the necessary taxation to pay the interest. That is the real secret probably of German perseverance in the ghastly struggle. It is the gambler's plunge, and we trust it may not be long before she finds herself overwhelmed by the ruin she courts.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, April 30, 1918.

WHY GERMANY PERSEVERES.

DISCUSSING the speech delivered two months ago by Count HARTLING the *Frankfurter Zeitung* complained that the three most important questions of foreign politics—Where do we stand? What are the aims of German policy? How can we arrive at peace?—were all left without a clear and complete answer. The aims of German policy stand clearly enough revealed in Russia, Rumania and Finland; and equally clearly on the Western Front. What is Germany fighting for at such an appalling cost, but world domination? The only answer that can be given to the question "How can we arrive at peace?" is to be found in the acceptance of the conditions formulated by the Allied Powers, and sooner or later they will have to be accepted by the Central Powers. The sword cannot be laid down by the Allies till those aims and objects are definitely achieved. As Lord MILNER has so plainly stated, it is not now a question of destroying Prussian militarism; the question is whether Prussian militarism should destroy us and make an end of all that the freedom-loving peoples of the world have been striving for centuries—and are still striving to attain. The personal aspect of the case was recently put by Mr. RUDYARD KIPLING in these terms: "We are fighting for our lives, the lives of every man, woman and child here and everywhere else. We are fighting that we may not be herded into actual slavery, such as the Germans have established by force of arms in large parts of the Europe. We are fighting against eighteen hours a day of forced labour under the lash or at the point of bayonet, with a dog's death and a dog's burial at the end of it. We are fighting that men, women and children may not be tortured, burned, and mutilated in public, as has happened in this town (referring to air murders) and hundreds of others and we will go on fighting till the race which has done these things is in no position to continue or repeat its offence. If for any reason whatever we fall short of victory—and there is no half-way house between victory and defeat—what happens to us is this: Every relation, every understanding, every decency upon which civilization has been so anxiously built, will go, will be washed out, because it will have been proved unable to endure." We can well believe that the German people are greatly depressed by the heavy sacrifice of life already incurred in the effort to obtain a "German peace," and still more by the certainty of further extremely heavy sacrifice to secure objectives in France and Flanders, which, if attained, would still leave the prospect of a "German peace" far remote. Mr. HILAIRS BRIDGES estimates the German dead to the beginning of March at 3,000,000. Colonel FERRIS, the Swiss military expert, estimates

THE MAGISTRACY.

A FORGED ORDER.

Two Chinese husband and wife, were charged before Mr. A. Dyer Ball this morning, with obtaining under false pretences by means of a forged compadore order, two capons from a stall in Central Market.

Inspector Kent stated that the defendant who was formerly a "boy" of Mrs. Arnold of 88 Bonham Road, went to stall in Central Market with a false order for two capons purported to come from the compadore shop and made out in the name of Mrs. Arnold. Suspicion was aroused by the size of the order and the defendant was detained. Inquiries were made and when it was found that the order was forged, defendant was arrested.

Defendant said the order was given him by his wife who picked it up in the street. She told him to return it to the compadore shop. He did so and whilst there, he was intimidated into saying that he himself presented the forged order.

After the evidence was heard, Mr. Dyer Ball sentenced the defendant to two months' hard labour. The defendant's wife was discharged.

A YOUNG CRIMINAL'S RECORD.

A young Chinese was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood with returning from banishment.

Sergeant Murphy said the defendant had been banished from the Colony several times. The last time he was banished for life but he returned and eloped with a girl and had been living with her at Yau-mat before he was arrested.

Mr. Wood remanded the case in order to take evidence to commit the defendant to trial at the next Criminal Session.

OPIMUM CASES.

A Chinese woman pleaded not guilty when charged before Mr. Wood, with being in unlawful possession of two taels of opium in excess of the quantity allowed by the ordinance.

Mr. Gardiner for the defence, said that the defendant, who was a servant to a Chinese lady, was ordered by her mistress to take her luggage to the Kowloon railway station.

It was stated that the opium was found in a basket the defendant carried when she entered the station.

Mr. Wood remanded the case until next week, fixing bail at \$250.

A Chinese woman was charged with being in unlawful possession of 12 taels of prepared opium, not Government opium.

A revenue officer gave evidence to the effect that he arrested the defendant as she was boarding a steamer at a Lee Kee wharf. The opium was found concealed in her person.

The woman, in her defence, told the usual story of having been given the opium by a man who asked her to look after it. She did not know that it was opium.

Mr. Wood imposed a fine of \$1,000 with the alternative of four months' hard labour.

NO BURIAL PERMIT.

A Chinese pleaded not guilty when charged with removing the dead body of a child for burial without a permit.

A foreman of the Sanitary Department said he saw the defendant carrying a basket in Coronation street yesterday. He stopped him and asked him what the basket contained and was told that it contained rubbish. Witness looked into the basket and found the body of a girl, aged about three years.

Defendant explained that the child was his daughter. Witness told him that the body should have been taken to the hospital, but the defendant replied that he did not know the regulations.

Defendant said that when the child died, a man belonging to the Sanitary Department came to his house and offered to remove the body to a Chinese dispensary.

His Worship remanded the case until to-morrow.

THEFT FROM A STEAMER.

Two Chinese were charged with stealing a blanket from a steamer in the harbour.

Defendants pleaded not guilty and said they found the blanket in one of the holds and, thinking it was thrown away as useless, they appropriated it.

A Hongkong said he arrested the defendants as they were coming off a sampan with the blanket in their possession.

The first defendant, against whom several previous convictions were proved, was sentenced to six months' hard labour and four hours' stocks. The other defendant was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour and eight hours' stocks.

The total sum of the donations of \$150.00.

The Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Hon. Secretary, War Charities Committee, forwards for publication the telegram below, received by Lady May from the Vice-Chancellor Northcliffe, G.C.B.E.

LADY MAY, Hongkong.
The Red Cross and the Order of St. John have decided to make an appeal for pearls to form an historic Red Cross necklace to be sold when completed for the benefit of the sick and wounded. We very much hope that you will help us by collecting pearls and in making this known. Her Majesty the Queen, Queen Alexandra and H. R. H. Princess Victoria have already given beautiful pearls. A sympathetic response from Hongkong is hoped for. H. R. H. Princess Victoria is our President.

MARY NORTHCLIFFE.
WAR CHARITIES.
The Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Hon. Secretary, War Charities Committee, informs us that one pair of binoculars and one telescope from Mr. G. B. Colson of Hongkong Electric Co. are now to be added to the list of glasses received for forwarding to the Managers of the Lady Robert's Night Glass Fund.

The total sum of the donations of \$150.00.

THE MAGISTRACY.

A FORGED ORDER.

Two Chinese husband and wife, were charged before Mr. A. Dyer Ball this morning, with obtaining under false pretences by means of a forged compadore order, two capons from a stall in Central Market.

Inspector Kent stated that the defendant who was formerly a "boy" of Mrs. Arnold of 88 Bonham Road, went to stall in Central Market with a false order for two capons purported to come from the compadore shop and made out in the name of Mrs. Arnold. Suspicion was aroused by the size of the order and the defendant was detained. Inquiries were made and when it was found that the order was forged, defendant was arrested.

Defendant said the order was given him by his wife who picked it up in the street. She told him to return it to the compadore shop. He did so and whilst there, he was intimidated into saying that he himself presented the forged order.

After the evidence was heard, Mr. Dyer Ball sentenced the defendant to two months' hard labour. The defendant's wife was discharged.

A YOUNG CRIMINAL'S RECORD.

A young Chinese was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood with returning from banishment.

Sergeant Murphy said the defendant had been banished from the Colony several times. The last time he was banished for life but he returned and eloped with a girl and had been living with her at Yau-mat before he was arrested.

Mr. Wood remanded the case in order to take evidence to commit the defendant to trial at the next Criminal Session.

OPIMUM CASES.

A Chinese woman pleaded not guilty when charged before Mr. Wood, with being in unlawful possession of two taels of opium in excess of the quantity allowed by the ordinance.

Mr. Gardiner for the defence, said that the defendant, who was a servant to a Chinese lady, was ordered by her mistress to take her luggage to the Kowloon railway station.

It was stated that the opium was found in a basket the defendant carried when she entered the station.

Mr. Wood remanded the case until next week, fixing bail at \$250.

A Chinese woman was charged with being in unlawful possession of 12 taels of prepared opium, not Government opium.

A revenue officer gave evidence to the effect that he arrested the defendant as she was boarding a steamer at a Lee Kee wharf. The opium was found concealed in her person.

The woman, in her defence, told the usual story of having been given the opium by a man who asked her to look after it. She did not know that it was opium.

Mr. Wood imposed a fine of \$1,000 with the alternative of four months' hard labour.

NO BURIAL PERMIT.

A Chinese pleaded not guilty when charged with removing the dead body of a child for burial without a permit.

A foreman of the Sanitary Department said he saw the defendant carrying a basket in Coronation street yesterday. He stopped him and asked him what the basket contained and was told that it contained rubbish. Witness looked into the basket and found the body of a girl, aged about three years.

Defendant explained that the child was his daughter. Witness told him that the body should have been taken to the hospital, but the defendant replied that he did not know the regulations.

Defendant said that when the child died, a man belonging to the Sanitary Department came to his house and offered to remove the body to a Chinese dispensary.

His Worship remanded the case until to-morrow.

THEFT FROM A STEAMER.

Two Chinese were charged with stealing a blanket from a steamer in the harbour.

Defendants pleaded not guilty and said they found the blanket in one of the holds and, thinking it was thrown away as useless, they appropriated it.

A Hongkong said he arrested the defendants as they were coming off a sampan with the blanket in their possession.

The first defendant, against whom several previous convictions were proved, was sentenced to six months' hard labour and four hours' stocks. The other defendant was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour and eight hours' stocks.

The total sum of the donations of \$150.00.

The Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Hon. Secretary, War Charities Committee, forwards for publication the telegram below, received by Lady May from the Vice-Chancellor Northcliffe, G.C.B.E.

LADY MAY, Hongkong.
The Red Cross and the Order of St. John have decided to make an appeal for pearls to form an historic Red Cross necklace to be sold when completed for the benefit of the sick and wounded. We very much hope that you will help us by collecting pearls and in making this known. Her Majesty the Queen, Queen Alexandra and H. R. H. Princess Victoria have already given beautiful pearls. A sympathetic response from Hongkong is hoped for. H. R. H. Princess Victoria is our President.

MARY NORTHCLIFFE.
WAR CHARITIES.
The Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Hon. Secretary, War Charities Committee, informs us that one pair of binoculars and one telescope from Mr. G. B. Colson of Hongkong Electric Co. are now to be added to the list of glasses received for forwarding to the Managers of the Lady Robert's Night Glass Fund.

The total sum of the donations of \$150.00.

The Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Hon. Secretary, War Charities Committee, informs us that one pair of binoculars and one telescope from Mr. G. B. Colson of Hongkong Electric Co. are now to be added to the list of glasses received for forwarding to the Managers of the Lady Robert's Night Glass Fund.

The total sum of the donations of \$150.00.

The Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Hon. Secretary, War Charities Committee, informs us that one pair of binoculars and one telescope from Mr. G. B. Colson of Hongkong Electric Co. are now to be added to the list of glasses received for forwarding to the Managers of the Lady Robert's Night Glass Fund.

WIVES SUIT FOR MAIN- TENANCE.

A Chinese woman summoned her husband before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning for neglecting to provide her with maintenance.

Mr. J. A. Gardiner, for the complainant, said the defendant had deserted his wife and refused to provide for her maintenance. She asked that his Worship would make an order for a sum of money to be taken from the man's wages every month for her maintenance. She was defendant's legal wife and had gone through a form of marriage known as *hi fai* and had evidence to prove that marriage. The case was brought before the Secretary of Chinese Affairs and he believed the Secretariat was unable to effect a settlement.

Mr. Schofield, of the Secretariat, who happened to be in Court at the time, said the matter came before him and he effected an arrangement by which the defendant agreed to pay the woman \$1 a month for her maintenance.

Mr. Gardiner said that that sum was satisfactory, but then no money had been received since last year.

Defendant denied the complainant was his first wife. She was only his second wife; his first being alive and staying here in the Colony.

Mr. Schofield observed that the *hi fai* marriage is sometimes fraudulently gone through when taking a second wife or a concubine. He drew attention to the fact that they had no compulsory powers in the matter.

Mr. Wood remanded the case.

ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

The following is a List of Entries for the Governor's Cup. We are asked to mention that any Member whose name is not included and who wishes to enter the Competition should send his name to Mr. J. Bentley, the Hon. Secretary, on or before Wednesday, May 1st.

Mr. F. the Governor, Mr. R. E. Lindell, Mr. R. J. Rawlingson, Mr. S. Evans, Dr. G. M. Harston, Mr. H. C. Sandford, Mr. J. C. Fletcher, Mr. E. J. Grist, Mr. H. J. Geddes, Mr. J. Hooper, Mr. V. L. Fairley, Mr. F. Hynes, Mr. Thompson, Dr. Lindsay Woods, Mr. A. Ritchie, Mr. W. D. Kraft, Mr. E. Des Vaux, Sir Wm. Rees Davis, Mr. G. Dunbarston, Mr. J. W. Mayhew, Mr. N. F. Bennett, Hon. Mr. A. Landon, Mr. P. J. Palmer, Mr. A. Leach, Mr. J. M. McHutchon, Mr. A. S. McKibbin, Mr. F. J. de Rome, Mr. C. A. Middleton-Smith, Mr. F. A. Redmond, Mr. J. Gibb, Mr. W. J. Morrison, Capt. R. Gray, Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Mr. J. W. Franks, Mr. A. E. Crapnell, Mr. F. Bevington, Mr. R. E. O. Bird, Mr. A. J. Austin, Mr. E. Wells, Major Robertson, Capt. Buck, Mr. G. A. Woodcock, Mr. J. R. Wood, Mr. H. A. Taylor, Mr. T. R. Chaswell, Mr. W. N. Fleming, Mr. A. G. Coppin, Mr. J. Stalker, Mr. F. A. Perry, Mr. C. H. Gale, Hon. Mr. E. R. Ballifax, Col. C. M. Mayhew, Dr. G. A. Drouper, Mr. L. N. Lees, Mr. A. C. Davidson, Mr. A. E. Carleton, Mr. S. E. Hodge, Mr. E. H. Scott, Mr. T. G. Tarbush, Mr. G. Morton Smith, Mr. A. R. Lowe, Mr. D. Dairly, Com. Beckwith, Mr. C. Thomas, Mr. A. Morrison, Mr. H. E. Hayward, Mr. H. A. Lammer, Mr. J. W. Stewart, Mr. A. B. Lancaster, Mr. H. E. Murray, Mr. J. H. Lay, Mr. R. M. Henderson, Mr. E. J. Edwards, Mr. P. P. J. Woodhouse, Mr. D. F. C. Millington, Mr. C. C. Stark and Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL,"]

April 30.

SIR—The facts stated in my letter yesterday are correct (except that "6" should be read for "16"), and the statements in your footnote are correct.

The proposal to enlarge the Church Body moved by Mr. Looker and seconded by Mr. Harris was inspired by His Excellency, in fact the meeting was called at the request of the gentleman named with others. That proposal was gladly accepted by the Church Body, and the only difference of opinion arose over the qualification of the additional members.

The Church Body proposed that the qualification clause already in force should be applied to the new members, and it was in respect of that qualification clause that His Excellency used the words correctly quoted by you on Monday.

His words "communicate regularly" used by His Excellency do not however appear in the qualification clause.

I think an unbiased consideration of the facts will lead to the conclusion that the qualification clause is as wide as it reasonably can be expected.

Yours faithfully,
F. B. L. BOWLEY.

THE DEPORTATION CASE.

FIFTH DAY'S HEARING.

The hearing of the case in which Li Hong Mi is proceeding against the Government with a view to the cancellation of an order of deportation resumed this morning.

The Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp said in view of what their Lordships said last evening, he did not propose—any rate, for the present, unless it became necessary, to refer to any more on the mere point of the legal powers of the Colony.

Counsel then cited the case of *Tsun Ma* on the question of procedure decided in the Hongkong Courts, in the Chief Justice was Attorney General the Ordinance of 1882 was at that time in force and in that Ordinance specific procedure was laid down, but the present Ordinance the procedure was specifically defined and the details of the present case were much reduced.

The Chief Justice said that, difficult as construing the present Ordinance was that it laid down the prospective deportee should have opportunity of producing witnesses, a report is required from the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, therefore Ordinance involved the application ordinary criminal procedure. He was in a difficulty to decide whether the complete procedure of Criminal Law should not be applied.

Mr. Sharp replied that where a special procedure is expressed or implied by the statute, that is the procedure to be observed, however widely it may differ from the ordinary Common Law at a trial; but where no such procedure is provided, the Common Law steps in and supplies its own procedure.

In the present case the most procedure was laid down by the Ordinance, up to that general proposition. Counsel said he thought it might be convenient if he referred to one of two cases, which had been set up by the other side on the point. Counsel then referred to various cases in support of his argument. Dealing with the question of special procedure, he said down in the existing Ordinance, Mr. Sharp pointed out that it is stated that the Governor-in-Council may at any time issue a deportation order against any person whatever upon enquiry in the manner prescribed by the section of the Ordinance. To make that clearer, if it were necessary, they had a special section, Section 2, which was a new section, which stated that no steps or proceedings whatever other than those expressly specified shall be necessary.

The Court then retired for the tiffin interval.

Returning, Mr. Sharp dealt with the allegation against the Captain Superintendent of Police that he was guilty of a wrongful assault upon the plaintiff in connection with the taking of his finger prints and his physical examination. With regard to these matters they were in accordance with the usual routine and the regulations and the Captain Superintendent of Police doing nothing wrong that could conceivably affect the Deportation Ordinance.

The Police Judge, they are claiming damages against him.

Mr. Sharp—Yes, My Lord.

Mr. Sharp proceeded to argue that even if the examination of the plaintiff exceeded the regulations it would not be anything to do with Messrs. it would be a matter for the assistant who carried out the examination.

Mr. Pollock submitted that Mr. Messer is responsible for his agents to which Mr. Sharp agreed.

Dealing with the question of the physical examination of the plaintiff, Mr. Sharp said that there a number of men were engaged together it was advisable for the health of the place, and some suggestions were necessary. The physical examination was also a matter of routine and the authorities must have powers which would enable them to make examinations for the health of the place.

The Chief Justice said there was no distinction made between a convicted criminal and a proposed deportee.

Mr. Sharp replied to the effect that that point was not relevant.

The Chief Justice said, "But I do point that out—entitled to point it out. I repeat under the special circumstances consider the provisions in that section wholly unnecessary."

Mr. Sharp: Your ship will have Mr. Messer here, will be able to deal with the matter.

Counsel said he would not argue the point, he merely held some regulations were necessary.

The Chief Justice only reiterated his statement that considered the provisions of the regulations, in the special circumstances they were unnecessary and the Police Judge also expressed that view.

Counsel then proceeded to deal with the question of the Regulations applying to deportees. Messer held the view that they were not applicable to the plaintiff.

Mr. Sharp: Your ship will have Mr. Messer here, will be able to deal with the matter.

Counsel said he would not argue the point, he merely held some regulations were necessary.

The Chief Justice only reiterated his statement that considered the provisions of the regulations, in the special circumstances they were unnecessary and the Police Judge also expressed that view.

Counsel then proceeded to deal with the question of the Regulations applying to deportees. Messer held the view that they were not applicable to the plaintiff.

Mr. Sharp: Your ship will have Mr. Messer here, will be able to deal with the matter.

Counsel

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE TO THE ARMY AND NAVY.

"IN GOD'S NAME WE BLESS YOU."

London, April 29.

Her Majesty the Queen has sent the following message to the Navy, Army and the Air Force:—

"I send this message to tell every man how much we women of the British Empire at Home watch and pray for you during the long hours of these days of stress and emergency. Our pride in you is immeasurable, our hope unbounded and our trust absolute. You are fighting the cause of righteousness and freedom to defend the children and women of our land from the sorrows that have overtaken other countries. You are fighting for our very existence, for the people at Home, and across the seas. You are offering your all, your hold back nothing, and, day by day, you show love so great that no man can have greater. We, on our part, send forth with full hearts and unflinching will the lives we hold dear. We too are striving in every way possible towards victory. I know I am expressing what is felt by thousands of wives and mothers when I say we are determined to help one another in keeping your homes ready against your glad home-coming. In God's name we bless you, and by his help we too will do our best."

GERMANY'S WAR ON HOSPITAL SHIPS.

HOW THE "GUILDFORD CASTLE" ESCAPED.

London, April 29.

The Admiralty states:—

An official enquiry shows conclusively that the *Guilford Castle*, mentioned on March 14, was struck by a torpedo which a submarine discharged. The first missed; the second hit, but happily it did not explode.

The Admiralty quotes a German wireless official communiqué of the 24th inst. in the course of which, challenging the British figures of the shipping losses, it says these ignore "the hospital ships and other shipping space which are particularly exposed to and are attacked by our U-boats."

[The "*Guilford Castle*" is a hospital ship. She was homebound bound when she was unsuccessfully attacked by a submarine at the entrance to the Bristol Channel on the evening of March 10, whilst flying Red Cross flags and with all hospital ship lights on. The ship left South Africa on February 15, with 450 wounded from German East Africa, also doctors, nurses and ambulances. The ship was newly painted. The submarine attacked the ship west of Lundy Island at 5.30 on Sunday afternoon.]

THE SITUATION IN IRELAND.

NO DISORDER OR VIOLENCE.

London, April 29.

A Correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* in Ireland says that, but for the Catholic Church supporting anti-Conscription, there has been no violence and outrage. "Much as we may lament the Catholic Bishops' manifesto," he says, "it is due to their emphatic counsel that the unprecedented anti-Conscription demonstrations in practically all the parishes in the country have not yielded a single case of disorder."

The *Times* says: "Numerous American and Canadian newspapers favour conscription in Ireland."

The *New York Times* says: "To murderers of priests, ravishers of nuns, destroyers of churches and cathedrals and the slayers of the Catholics on Good Friday at mass in Paris the Irish Catholic hierarchy now turns in friendship."

THE ELECTIONS IN PORTUGAL.

SIDONIO PAES ELECTED PRESIDENT.

London, April 29.

Senator Sidonio Paes has been elected President by universal suffrage.

HOLLAND COERCED.

SURRENDERS TO GERMAN DEMANDS.

London, April 29.

The *Daily News* Rotterdam Correspondent states Holland has surrendered to Germany, after a period of 24 hours, in which the position was suddenly reported to be serious with everyone invited to believe that the question of peace or war was in the balance.

It may safely be accepted that the sand and gravel transport will shortly be resumed.

The economic agreement to be announced will greatly profit Germany, who will again compel Holland to supply the finished goods in return for raw materials.

THE FULL DEMANDS NOT MADE PUBLIC.

LATER.

The full demands of Germany upon Holland are not as yet known in London or even by the Dutch public, but there are indications that the Dutch Government is less apprehensive that Germany wants to force Holland into the war at present.

AMERICAN LABOUR AND PREMATURE PEACE.

THE OMINOUS HAND OF THE ENEMY.

London, April 28.

The American Delegation visiting the United Kingdom hatched at Whitehall Palace, where they were enabled to meet the British, Allied and Dominion Premiers. Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa were represented.

Mr. James Wilson, of the American Federation of Labour, replying to the toast of "Our American Guests" said: "We recognise the fundamental truth that no Democracy can exist if the Imperial German Government triumphs. The Allies must win the war, if posterity is to be guaranteed political and industrial freedom. Peace now will be the fulfilment of the Prussian dream of military autocracy, because they have the very heart of Continental Europe within their grasp and resources which will ensure the further conquest of other nations of the world."

Mr. Wilson proceeded to say that he and his colleagues, as the authorized speakers of the American Labour movement, declared most emphatically that they did not agree to a peace conference with the enemies of Civilisation, irrespective of what clock these enemies would wear, until Prussian Militarism was withdrawn from within its own boundaries, and, then, not until the Germans had satisfactorily proved that they recognised the right of civilised nations to determine for themselves what their standard shall be.

RUMOURS OF OFFICIAL CHANGES.

LORD RHONDDA'S RESIGNATION WITHDRAWN.

London, April 29.

The papers state that Lord Rhondda, in response to the appeal of the Prime Minister, has withdrawn his resignation.

MR. DUKE'S NEW POST.

The talk of the Hon. Mr. H. E. Duke's resignation has been revived. It is stated that he will become a Judge and will be succeeded by Mr. Edward Shortt, a Liberal Member of the House of Commons.

LORD WIMBORNE'S SUCCESSOR.

The name of Lord Middleton is mentioned as the successor of Lord Wimborne.

AUSTRALIAN ZINC OUTPUT.

CONTRACT THAT WILL BENEFIT THE EMPIRE.

Melbourne, April 29.

Mr. Hughes has announced that the Imperial Government has contracted to purchase practically the whole of the Australian output of zinc concentrates during the war and for a decade afterwards.

It is added that this is probably a record contract for the sale of zinc and will greatly benefit Australia and the Empire.

CHAOS IN RUSSIA.

THE RESTORATION OF THE MONARCHY.

A GERMAN MOVE.

London, April 29.

The long silence from Petrograd has been broken by the receipt of Reuter's messages, the latest of which is dated the 28th, which does not confirm the rumours from Stockholm of the restoration of the monarchy in the person of the Tsarevitch which in Russian circles in Sweden is anticipated as a probable German move.

FIERCE FIGHTING IN FINLAND.

London, April 29.

Petrograd messages describe the fierce fighting in Finland between the White and Red Guards. Several train-loads of dead and wounded of the Red Guards have arrived at Petrograd and Frogerick, the popular Petrograd resort, while Viborg has been cut off from Petrograd.

FINNISH TROOPS ON RUSSIAN FRONTIER.

London, April 29.

The Russian troops have been ordered to resist any attempt of the troops from Finland to cross the Russian frontier.

The Commissioners have ordered the disarmament of the troops of the Governments of Kursk and Crimea.

ALLIED LANDING IN VLADIVOSTOCK.

SIBERIAN GOVERNMENT RECOGNISES NECESSITY.

London, April 29.

The Siberian Provisional Government, in a proclamation in North Manchuria, urges the establishment of solid relations with the Allies and recognises the necessity of the introduction of foreign troops from the Far East in Siberia, pending the establishment of a fixed Government in Russia.

BARBAROUS CRUELITIES AGAINST RED GUARDS.

DEPUTATION TO GERMAN MINISTER.

Stockholm, April 29.

Socialist deputations waited upon the Finnish White Minister, M. Gripenberg, demanding, in the name of the Scandinavian Socialists, termination of the barbarous cruelties of the White Guards against the Red Guard prisoners.

M. Gripenberg refused to transmit their representations on the ground that they were an unprecedented interference. Another similar deputation to the German Minister was promised that the matter would receive attention.

THE FATE OF SEBASTOPOLE.

SURRENDER WITHOUT RESISTANCE URGED.

Amsterdam, April 29.

It is reported from Sebastopol that the Labourites in the Crimea favour the surrender of the town, harbour and fleet of Sebastopol without resistance, but the sailors decided to oppose the Austrians and Germans.

GRAIN SUPPLIES FROM UKRAINE.

TERMS OF THE GERMAN-UKRAINE AGREEMENT.

Amsterdam, April 29.

The economic agreement between the Central Powers and Ukraine, signed on the 28th inst. states that a Grain Bureau will be formed to deal with the supplies of grain.

GERMANY AND RUMANIA.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS RESUMED.

Amsterdam, April 29.

Hor von Kuehlmann and Baron Burian have arrived at Bukharest in order to resume peace negotiations.

GERMAN-AUSTRIAN RELATIONS.

AUSTRIANS SING ANTI-GERMAN SONGS.

Amsterdam, April 29.

A large crowd of Slovanes smashed the windows of German buildings in Laibach (a town in Austria). Despite the intervention of the troops the crowd sang anti-German songs and cheered the Entente.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE RENEWED OFFENSIVE.

CANADIANS STR UP THE ENEMY.

London, April 28.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters telegraphing this evening says:—

Heavy fighting is progressing at L'Escaut. Sharp fighting occurred for old crater positions between Givenchy and Festubert resulting in the restoration of our line as originally stood. Subsequently the enemy re-attacked and re-occupied an outer isolated post in the evening.

The Canadians, who had been expressing dissatisfaction at their inactivity, last night vented their feelings by stirring up the enemy opposite Lens. In the course of three raids they killed a very large number who stoutly resisted, took 60 prisoners, captured four machine-guns and a bomb-thrower.

There is no appreciable change in the situation this afternoon on the Ypres-Comines Canal.

SUCCESSFUL RAIDS BY FRENCH.

London, April 28.

A French communiqué says:—

There was artillery activity at night time north of the Avra between Lassigny and Noyon. We carried out two successful raids north of Chemin-des-Dames, taking 25 prisoners.

We repulsed attempts preceded by lively bombardments northwest of Rheims in the sectors of St. Mihiel, Lunerville and Bois-le-Prete and took prisoners.

FRENCH POSITIONS EXTENDED.

SITUATION IMPROVING.

Paris, April 28.

A semi-official message confirms that the French have now extended their front northward as far as Villers Bretonneux and says that the situation has been re-established in the south while it is improving hourly in the north.

FRENCH PREMIER VISITS FRONT.

REASSURED AND CONFIDENT.

Paris, April 18.

M. Clemenceau, who has returned from the front, said he brought back a feeling of profound confidence and reassurance.

A USEFUL CONFERENCE.

GERMAN LOSSES IN MEN.

A CONSERVATIVE ESTIMATE.

Amsterdam, April 28.

In the Reichstag, General von Wrisberg stated that up to March 31, there were 664,104 men missing, of whom 236,676 were prisoners in France, 119,000 in England and 187,080 in Russia and Rumania, while most of the others could be regarded as dead.

INDIA AND MAN-POWER.

THE KING'S MESSAGE.

London, April 28.

The Press Bureau states that the King has sent the following message to the Viceroy of India for communication to the War Conference at Delhi, on Saturday:—

"I learn with deep satisfaction that in response to the Viceroy's invitation, the ruling princes, Chiefs, representatives of Provincial Governments and leaders of all sections of the community, European and Indian, are meeting to reaffirm the abiding loyalty of the Indian people and their resolve will to prosecute to their utmost ability and to the full limit of their resources, in association with the rest of the Empire, the war which our enemies have wantonly provoked and are ruthlessly waging against the freedom of the world. I rejoice to know that a fuller utilisation of India's manpower will be the Conference's first care. The Empire's need is India's opportunity. Recent events have made the struggle on the Western front more bitter and more sustained. The position in the East is aggravated by disturbances in Asia instigated by the enemy. It is of ever increasing importance that the operations of the armies in Egypt, Palestine and Mesopotamia should be largely sustained from India, and I look confidently to this Conference to promote a spirit of unity and concentration of purpose and activity and a cheerful acceptance of the sacrifice without which no high object and no lasting victory can be achieved."

TREATMENT OF WAR PRISONERS.

FRANCO-GERMAN ARRANGEMENT.

Paris, April 28.

A Franco-German agreement relating to war prisoners, interned civilians and the condition of the population of invaded regions has been signed at Bern.

THE FRUIT SEASON.

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

London, April 29.

During the summer months children are subject to disorders of the bowels and should receive the most careful attention. As soon as any unnatural looseness of the bowels is noticed Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

A WONDERFUL CRUSADE.

AN AMERICAN LABOUR LEADER'S TRIBUTE.

Ottawa, April 28.

Mr. Gompers, in the course of his address to the Canadian Senate and House of Commons, declared that the present war was the most wonderful crusade ever undertaken. He paid a glowing tribute to the magnificent response of Belgium, France, Britain, Canada and the rest of the British Empire. They had said to German militarism, "Thus far shall thou go and no farther. Back from France, back from Belgium then we will talk peace."

Mr. Gompers, amid cheers, emphasised that the people of America and the United States were equally determined to fight to a finish.

THE AUSTRALIAN WAR LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS.

OVER £42,000,000.

Melbourne, April 28.

Mr. Watt, Treasurer, has announced that the War Loan subscriptions total £42,000,000.

TURKISH OPERATIONS IN CAUCASUS.

London, April 28.

An official Turkish message, dated April 27, says:—

We occupied Kars and captured 360 guns and a large quantity of war material.

SUCCESSFUL LAUNCH OF FRENCH CARGO BOAT.

GERMAN ATTEMPTS FRUSTRATED.

Dunkirk, April 28.

A 19,000-ton cargo steamer, the biggest French merchantman, has been successfully launched despite the Germans laying mines in her course and also attempting to stop her construction by air-raids and long-range bombardment.

A GERMAN COMMERCIAL COMBINE.

BOYCOTTING PROBABLY NEUTRAL.

CHRISTIANIA, April 28.

It is learnt from an excellent source that a number of great German and Austro-Hungarian concerns, including the German Oriental Company, the North German Lloyd and Lohmann's, have formed a huge combine named the *Europaische Handels-Gesellschaft*, at Bremen; the objects of which are to control and centralise the import trade of war products, animals, vegetables, textiles, minerals and raw materials from Russia, Persia, Manchuria, China, Turkistan, Rumania and Finland; and also to organise a union of all exporters in the above countries who did business with Germany before the war and also to cut out neutrals who deal with the Allies from the products of these countries and from all commerce with the Central Powers; also to organise a boycott and undermine the financial and commercial position of the neutrals, also to form a Central Power commercial policy, including friendly neutrals.

The Company will be officially liquidated a year after peace is signed, but will continue unofficially after that.

THE REPORTED ANGLO-SPANISH COTTON AGREEMENT.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

London, April 28.

Apparently the Madrid report of the 24th inst. regarding an Anglo-Spanish cotton agreement is a misunderstanding. Inquiries are being made for the purpose of elucidating it.

RECRUITING IN AUSTRALIA IMPROVING.

Melbourne, April 28.

Recruiting has improved in all the States of the Commonwealth.

TRADE IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC ISLANDS.

MELBOURNE, April 28.

The Inter-State Commission's report on British and Australian trade in the South Pacific says the island trade is growing and the white population is steadily increasing.

Restrictions on foreign ships trading between the Pacific and Australia are suggested in order to protect the British from competition.

DEALINGS IN TIN PROHIBITED.

TO BE USED IN MANUFACTURE BY LICENSE.

London, April 29.

An order by the Minister of Munitions prohibits dealings, except under license, in all descriptions of tin, tinplate, and tin alloys, for use, without license, in manufacture.

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

London, April 29.

During the summer months children are subject to disorders of the bowels and should receive the most careful attention. As soon as any unnatural looseness of the bowels is noticed Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

ZENOB I PERFUMERY

Ely of the Valley, Sweet, Pea, Purple Heather, Rose Supreme, Carnation, Freesia.

ZENOBA BATH SALTS.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

Telephone 233.

"Only one can be best" and the best isn't the "just as good" kind, is it? The best Remedy is

"MALTHOID"

because a "Malthoid" experience of over a quarter of a century is found in every yard. Ask our experts, who will instruct or supervise FREE, and whose experience entitles them to your confidence! Use "Malthoid" as they recommend! Then tell your friends what you think of it!

WATERPROOF! CHEAP! CLEAN! LIGHT! SAFE! SNOWPROOF!

Agents: BRADLEY & Co., Ltd. HOSKING.

CARS FOR HIRE.

A Large Number of New and Comfortable CARS Always in Readiness.

Experienced Chauffeurs and Expert Mechanics. Arrangements for Special Occasions.

Phone 977 & 2589

MERCURY GARAGE CO.,

25-31 Des Voeux Road Central.

You be the Judge

From any point that you wish to Judge it, PETER DAWSON WHISKY is all that could be asked. There is a good reason for the many friends it has won. SPOOKED BY ALL DEALERS.

SOLE AGENTS:—

H. RUTTONJEE & SON,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

NEW BRAZILIAN CONSULATES IN THE EAST.

RO DE JAXIRO, April 28.

A decree has been issued making the Consulate at Yokohama a second class Consulate General and establishing Consulates at a number of places including Shanghai, Calcutta, Capetown and Vladivostok, also vice-Consulates at De Carriere, Dakar, Kobe, Bombay and Sydney, also creating a Consular Inspection Corps and amplifying the functions with the object of developing foreign trade and creating new outlets for Brazilian products.

BRIGANDAGE IN CHINA.

SHANGHAI, April 28.

Two hundred brigands have held up a train between Haichow and Kaifeng. They shot dead three and wounded fourteen passengers and plundered forty thousand dollars in money and goods.

Since early March brigands have captured the foreigners all of whom have been released except an American engineer named Kyle. Lynxworthy, a country townsman in northern China, Shanghai and Hunan have been sacked.

MR. HALFOUR ON MEN WHO DIED.

A memorial to men who have fallen in the war was unveiled in Billingsgate churchyard, Middlesex, by Mr. Halford, who also read the Lesson from Ecclesiasticus: "Let us now praise famous men, as a service in the church."

"When men are taken to battle, some from among us," he said in an address, "it is inevitable that we should see ourselves whether the time is not yet come for us to be great. Of the men who have died in this war, we can say there are no incomplete lives. These men died a great cause."

VISITORS AT THE HOTELS

FOOTBALL.

The decisive game in the Second Division League was played between the St. Joseph's College and the South China Athletics on Saturday at the Hongkong Club ground. An excellent game was witnessed and resulted in a win for the Chinese by a solitary goal. In winning this match the Chinese won both the Cup and the Championship. This is the first time a purely Chinese team has won the trophy and they are to be congratulated on their success. The Cup was presented to the winning team by Lieut. Jones at the termination of the game.

TENNIS.

In spite of the bad weather a goodly crowd last evening watched the match between M. W. Lo and S. Imago in the Championship Singles. The game was well contested, both players being evenly matched. The Japanese relied mostly on his terrific drives which brought him applause whenever a stroke came off. Lo played a fine game and his style was more varied.

The results are as follows:—
Open Championship Singles.—Lo, 10-6, 6-7, 8-6, 5-7, unfinished. Lo leading by one set.
Handicap Doubles.—J. Wood and C. Thorne beat H. J. Verney and J. M. Soetens, 6-4, 4-1.
Open Championship Doubles.—Capt. Conney and C. Stanley beat Lin Kong and Chiu Sin Kih, 6-2, 7-5.
Mixed Handicap Doubles.—Major Hammond and Miss Gordon (ret. 15) beat Palmer Johnson and Mrs. Potter (ret. 17) 6-4, 6-1.
Mixed Handicap Singles.—S. E. Green and J. Stalker beat F. E. Woodland and C. C. Stark, 6-4, 6-2.

YAMATI SCHOOL SPORTS.

The third annual School Sports took place on Monday afternoon, the 25th. The school football ground at Yamati was fully decorated and there was a large attendance of the parents and friends of those interested. The team from the various classes in the school and the Government Schools were evenly matched. The latter being won by Ellis Kadourie School. The Egg and Spoon race in a lantern race, too, caused a good deal of amusement. The Band of the 18th Infantry was in attendance and gave an interesting programme.

Mrs. Irving distributed the prizes for which she received three hearty cheers. The prize winners were:—
Event 1.—Long Jump. For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 2.—High Jump. For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 3.—Long Jump. For boys up to 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Ng Sze Hing; (2) Ng Chi King.
Event 4.—High Jump. For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 5.—100 yards Flat Race. For boys up to 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Ng Chi King; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 6.—100 yards Flat Race. For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 7.—50 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys up to 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 8.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 9.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 10.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 11.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 12.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 13.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 14.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 15.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 16.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 17.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 18.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 19.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.
Event 20.—100 yards Flat Race (Handicap). For boys over 5 ft. 1 in.—(1) Lui Mok Kai; (2) Lui Mok Kai.

THE CALENDAR.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.
9.15 p.m.—Italian War Films at Victoria Theatre.

GENERAL MEMORANDA.

SATURDAY, May 4.—
Noon.—Annual General Meeting of A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd.
MORNING, May 5.—
Noon.—Extraordinary General Meeting of Hongkong Ice Company.
SATURDAY, May 11.—
Noon.—Hongkong Electric Co. meeting.
TUESDAY, May 14.—
3 p.m.—Sale by auction of "Tosco" Barker Road by Mr. G. P. Lamont.
WEDNESDAY, May 17.—
Noon.—Canton Assurance Office, Ltd., annual meeting.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Artillery Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.

All N.C.O.s and men who have not already done so, are to re-draw their rifles and bayonets at once, and return charges and dummy cartridges to Headquarters.

PARADES AT BELCHERS BATTERY.

Wednesday, 1st May.—
7.30 a.m.—Right Half Company. Lay-out as detailed. Examination by I.G.
Thursday, 2nd May.—
8.15 p.m.—Left Half Company. New D.R.P. drill only.
Friday, 3rd May.—
8.15 p.m.—Left Half Company. New Lay-out Class only.

Orders for Engineers Company by Captain W. Russell.

25th April to 2nd May, 1918.—

E. L. MAXING SIGHTS.

Parades as per posters posted at Headquarters. Engines driven at 6.30 p.m. electricians at 8.45 p.m.
Officers next on duty: Belchers: Captain Russell. Lyceum: 2nd Lieut. Hill. Smeeth: Lieut. Stevenson. Instructions for N.C.O.s and men of the Infantry Battalion attached for duty: Class 1st Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. Class 2nd Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays. Class 3 at Lyceum at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays, under Staff Sergeants. Overland and Parsons, R.E., Corp. Day and 2nd Corp. Norris, H.K.D.C., at Belchers; and Staff Sergeants Barclay and White, R.E., and Sergt. Williams, H.K.D.C., at Lyceum.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

PARADES.

"A" Company.
5.30 p.m.—N.C.O.s of Nos. 1 and 2 Platoons (as detailed by Platoon Commandants) at Headquarters. T. R. T.
Friday, 3rd May.—
5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Platoons on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at the Cricket-Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by tram to Causeway Bay. Company drill. Dress, drill order.

"B" Company.

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 Platoons on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at the Cricket-Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by tram to Causeway Bay. Company drill. Dress, drill order.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.

Wednesday, 1st May.—
5.10 p.m.—Drill at Headquarters. Nos. 4 and 5 Guns only.
Thursday, 2nd May.—
5.10 p.m.—Drill at Headquarters. The following men only need attend: Ples, Field, Irvine, Labrum, A. C. D. Logan, C. R. Logan, McFerris, Pinquet and Stapleton.
musketry section.
Thursday, 2nd May.—
5.10 p.m.—At Jockey Club Stables. Dress, drill order without rifles.
SIGNALLING SECTION.
Friday, 3rd May.—
5.30 p.m.—Parade at Headquarters. Dress, clean fatigue.
Note: Rifles with bores free from oil and sidearms are to be brought to the parade on 30th April.

RECRUITS.

Friday, 3rd May.—
5.15 p.m.—All units except "D" Company on Murray Parade Ground, under Sergeants Edmonds and Meade. Dress, drill order.

Orders for Cadet Company by 2nd Lieut. J. E. W. Beard.

CHURCH PARADE.

Wednesday, 1st May.—
5.15 p.m.—Annual Inspection at Headquarters. Any Cadet absenting himself from this parade without first having obtained leave from the O.C. will be struck off the strength.
G. E. STEWART, Captain.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Orders issued by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, C.B.E., D.S.P. (R.).

EQUIPMENT.

Equipment Vouchers for Summer uniform and boots have been issued to the respective Contributors in favour of the men whose names have been submitted.
EQUIPMENT PARADE.—
Wednesday, May 1st.—Ambulance Platoon, and all ranks, including medical companies who have not previously attended.
Thursday, May 2nd.—Sections 11 and 12. The first named will attend at 5.15 p.m.; the remainder at 5.45 p.m.
By Order,
T. F. HOBAN, A.S.P. (R.) and Adjutant.

INTIMATIONS.

VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.
24, Des Voeux Road, Central.
Telephone No. 3667.

We guarantee the quality of our Bread and Cakes.
We use the highest grade of materials in their Manufacture.

MITSUBISHI GOSHI KWAISHA

(Mitsubishi Co.)
COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
TAKASHIMA, OCHI, MUTARE, KISHIDAKE, YOSHINOTANI, HOJO, NAKAGATA, SATO, KANADA, SHIMIZU, KAWAMURA, HIRAI & OTSUBARI COLLIERIES.

AGENTS FOR SAKITO COAL.

Head Office: MARUNOUCHI, TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES.

Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu, Wakamatsu, Otsu, Maun, Hakodate, Kobe, Osaka, Kure, Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Fukuoka, Vladivostok, Hankow, Peking, Dairen, Taipeh, London, New York, Shanghai, Hongkong, Haiphong, Canton and Singapore.

Cable Address: "TASAKI".
Codes:—A.1, A.2, C. 5th Ed., Western Union, and Bentley's.

AGENCIES:—

CHUNGKING: Messrs Gearing & Co.

MANILA: Messrs Macdonald & Co.

SINGAPORE: Messrs Berno Co. Ltd.

GLASGOW: Messrs A. H. Brown, McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For Particulars, apply to S. KAWATE, Manager, No. 2, PRINCE STREET, HONGKONG.

Don't Worry!
KEATING'S
KILLS
BUGS
FLEAS
MOTHS
BEETLES
TINS 3/6

FRENCH LESSONS.

G. MOUSSON.
15, Morrison Hill Road.

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MRS. H. M. TAN, a Chinese graduate in the University of London, has been a teacher in the Chinese language for many years. She has a good knowledge of the Chinese language and is a native speaker. She is a first class teacher in the Chinese language and is a native speaker. Those who intend to learn the Chinese language are requested to write to "China Mail" Office or direct to No. 15, Morrison Hill Road, first floor.

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the National Almanac Office in London from the results of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Water Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui, during the years 1916-1917.
The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea-level.
To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 3 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 1 inch to the height given in the table.

May 1st to 7th, 1918.			
Time	High Water	Low Water	Height
1st	1.15	5.15	4.00
2nd	1.35	5.35	4.00
3rd	1.55	5.55	4.00
4th	2.15	6.15	4.00
5th	2.35	6.35	4.00
6th	2.55	6.55	4.00
7th	3.15	7.15	4.00
8th	3.35	7.35	4.00
9th	3.55	7.55	4.00
10th	4.15	7.75	4.00
11th	4.35	7.95	4.00
12th	4.55	8.15	4.00
13th	5.15	8.35	4.00
14th	5.35	8.55	4.00
15th	5.55	8.75	4.00
16th	6.15	8.95	4.00
17th	6.35	9.15	4.00
18th	6.55	9.35	4.00
19th	7.15	9.55	4.00
20th	7.35	9.75	4.00
21st	7.55	9.95	4.00
22nd	8.15	10.15	4.00
23rd	8.35	10.35	4.00
24th	8.55	10.55	4.00
25th	9.15	10.75	4.00
26th	9.35	10.95	4.00
27th	9.55	11.15	4.00
28th	10.15	11.35	4.00
29th	10.35	11.55	4.00
30th	10.55	11.75	4.00

THE FAME OF CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY is world wide. It is good for the deep seated cough of the adult or the group and whooping cough of the children. The same holds true for the whole family. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

FARES FOR PUBLIC VEHICLES.

CHAIR.

1.—In Victoria with two Bearers.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20
One hour, 30
Two hours, 50
Three hours, 70
Six hours, 1.00
Day (8 a.m. to 6 p.m.), 1.50
If the trip is extended beyond Victoria, half fare extra.

Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.

2.—Beyond Victoria, with four Bearers.

Hour, 0.80 cents.
Three hours, 1.20
Six hours, 1.50
Day (8 a.m. to 6 p.m.), 2.00
III.—In the Hill District, with 2 Bearers with 4 Bearer.

Quarter hour, 0.15
Half hour, 0.20
One hour, 0.30
Two hours, 0.50
Three hours, 0.70
Six hours, 1.00
Day (8 a.m. to 6 p.m.), 1.50

RICKSHAS.

I.—In the Island of Hongkong engaged in Victoria.

Ten minutes, 5 cents.
Quarter hour, 10
Half hour, 15
One hour, 20
Every subsequent hour, 20

Note.—If the ricksha be engaged within the City of Victoria, and be discharged outside the Western part of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., or be discharged to the East of Pay View Police Station on the Eastern side of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., an extra half fare shall be chargeable.

II.—In Kowloon.

Quarter hour, 5 cents.
Half hour, 10
One hour, 15
Every subsequent hour, 10

III.—Taipo Road.

Twenty cents shall be added for each extra hour or part of an hour if the hirer causes the journey to take longer than:—
To 4th mile, 75 cents.... 1 hour.
return, \$1.00.... 2 hours.
Beyond 4th to 6th mile, 1.50.... 2 hours.
single 1.50.... 2 hours.
Beyond 6th to 9th mile, 1.75.... 2 hours.
single 1.75.... 2 hours.
Beyond 9th to 11th mile, 2.00.... 3 hours.
single 2.00.... 3 hours.

Fares for journeys beyond the 11th mile to be a matter of previous arrangement in each case.

The fares here set out to apply to one ricksha with three coolies from Tsim Sha Tsui.

FARES FOR PUBLIC CARRIAGES.

Not exceeding per passenger.

From Slaughter House to Sailors' Home 04 cents.
From Sailors' Home to Government Civil Hospital 04
From Government Civil Hospital to Clock Tower to Race Course 04
From Clock Tower to Bay View House 12
From Bay View House to Quarry Bay 06
II.—In the City of Victoria.
Not exceeding per passenger.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20
One hour, 30
Two hours, 50
Three 60
Four 70
Five 80
Six 90
One day from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. \$1.25
III.—Beyond Victoria.
Not exceeding per passenger.
One hour, 25 cents.
Two hours, 45
Three 60
Four 75
Five 90
Six 1.00
One day from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. \$1.50
IV.—In Kowloon.
Not exceeding per passenger.
Quarter hour, 40
Half hour, 60
One hour, 80
Two hours, 1.20
Three 1.50
Four 2.00
Five 2.50
Six 3.00
One day from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. 5.00
Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 80 per centum.

Temperature.

Hongkong, April 30, 1918.
Barometer—5 a.m. 29.82
Do 1 p.m. 29.80
Do 4 p.m. 29.80
Thermometer—5 a.m. 77
Do 1 p.m. 77
Do 4 p.m. 77
Do (Wet bulb) 5 a.m. 76
Do 1 p.m. 76
Do 4 p.m. 76
Do (Wet bulb) 4 p.m. 74
Do Maximum 78
Do Minimum (over night) 75
A-PARENTS DUTY.
YOUR boy is always getting scratched and bruised. Because these wounds are healed all right is no sign they always will. Get a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain-Balm and see that every injury is cared for immediately. You can get nothing better, and blood poison is prevented by a timely use of Chamberlain's Pain-Balm. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Barometer—29.78
Temperature—78
Humidity—78
Direction of Wind—W
Force—2
Weather—C
Rain—0.01
Highest, open air Temperature on the 31st—78
Lowest, open air Temperature on the 31st—70
T. F. CLAXTON, Director.
Hongkong, Observatory April 30, 1918.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

Hongkong Observatory, April 30, 1918.
1. BAROMETER, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.
2. TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.
3. HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.
4. DIRECTION OF WIND, to two points.
5. FORCE OF WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.
6. STATE OF WEATHER, in blue sky, detached cloud, drizzling rain, fog, gloomy, hazy, lightning, overcast, passing showers, equal, rain, snow, thunder, visibility, w.d.w., etc.
7. RAIN in inches, tenths and hundredths.

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Barometer	Temp.	Humidity	Dir. of Wind	Force	Weather	Rain
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01
29.78	78	78	W	2	C	0.01

Highest, open air Temperature on the 31st—78
Lowest, open air Temperature on the 31st—70
T. F. CLAXTON, Director.
Hongkong, Observatory April 30, 1918.



It's Easy To Get Rid of Dandruff

Gently rub spots of dandruff, scales, itching and irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. This treatment every two weeks is usually sufficient to keep the scalp clean and healthy. Sample Each Free by Post. Address post-paid: "Dandruff" 27, Carterhouse Sq., London. Sold everywhere.

WEATHER REPORT.

April 30, 1918. 12.00 a.m.—No returns from Japanese stations. Pressure has increased slightly at Weihaiwei, and decreased slightly to moderately elsewhere: gradients are everywhere slight. The depression over Tongking has filled up.
Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 1.33 inches. Total since January 1st, 4.52 inches, against an average of 11.61 inches.
Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 1st May:—
1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: Light variable winds; cloudy, rain.
2.—Formosa Channel: The same as No. 1.
3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook: The same as No. 1.
4.—North coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY

HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

APRIL 30, 1918.—a.m.

on on the 1st May—	
1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: Light	
terrible winds; cloudy rain.	
2.—Formosa Channel: The same	
do. 1.	
3.—South coast of China between	
Gap Rock and Lamcocks: The same	
do. 1.	
4.—North coast of China between	
Hongkong and Hainan: The same	
do. 1.	

ROYAL OBSERVATORY
HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER
REPORT.

APRIL 30, 1918.—a.m.

ter.	rel.	are.	Wind
------	------	------	------